

Concepts for Unit 1 - * indicates a test question on the Concepts Exam. Post on these in Discussion Topic 1-1. Some questions will be multiple choice but some will be short answer where you must apply your understanding of the concept to the history for the Unit.

A concept in **gray** is part of a set of concepts but it has not happened yet.

<p>General Economic terms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Feudalism • * Mercantilism • Capitalism • Communism • Fascism 	<p>Governmental terms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tribe • * Kingdom or monarchy (ruler: king and/or queen) • * Nation state • Constitutional monarchy • Republic or representative democracy • Tyrant 	<p>Terms for developments in this era:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • * Empire (ruler: emperor) and words imperial and imperialism • * Colony • Colonization • Exploration
<p>Terms about people who are not free by law:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • * Servitude • * Master • * Slave • Serf • Bondage or bound • * Indentured servant <p>Tip: As I currently understand the history, the Spanish turn the Native Americans into the legal equivalent of serfs.</p>	<p>Terms about people who are free but have a feudal relationship of land and protection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Feudalism • * Lord • * Subject or vassal <p>Tip: <i>Subject</i> is used with feudalism but is still used as a term today for people in a monarchy. <i>Vassal</i> is used specifically with feudalism.</p>	<p>Terms for religions involved in event:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Roman Catholicism • * Pope (related terms of papal St. Peter) • * Protestant Reformation • Lutheranism • * Calvinism • * Anglicanism <p>Tip: The links from your instructor in chapters can help you with Calvinism with later religions in the colonies.</p>
<p>Government and people:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mob • * Rebellion • * Revolution • Rule of law • Terrorism • * Treason <p>Tip: In Unit 1, we have a famous rebellion and a famous revolution. What is the difference in the terms and in what happened? What is treason? What is the consequence for an unsuccessful rebellion or revolution?</p>	<p>Government and free people in development during Unit 1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Freedom of assembly • Free speech • Freedom of the press • Freedom of petition • Trial by jury (exoneration, execution, incarceration) • Vote for representatives (and qualifications to vote) • Vote by representatives in a legislature to determine laws (including taxes) 	<p>Government and people:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legislature (creators of laws) • * Elected assemblies in colonies a legislature (See page 111.) • * Parliament – a legislature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House of Lords - House of Commons • * Prime minister • Representation • Tax (a noun, not a verb)

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WCJC Department: History – Dr. Bibus
Contact Information: 281.239.1577 or bibusc@wcjc.edu
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