Your Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Write the letter of the correct answer on the blank line.

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| 1 | \_\_ | Servitude is some version of serfdom (bound to a piece of land owned by the master) or slavery (a worker who could be sold anywhere). They worked to live another day and, if they did not work obediently, they could be forced to work. About the end of the 1700s, the proportion of people in servitude in the world was:  a. 10%  b. 25%  c. 50%  d. 75%  e. 90% |
| 2 | \_\_ | About **1492**, the dominant religion in Western Europe was:  a. Eastern Orthodox  b. Islam  c. Protestant  d. Roman Catholicism |
| 3 | \_\_ | About **1700**, the dominant religion in the English colonies was:  a. Eastern Orthodox  b. Islam  c. Protestant  d. Roman Catholicism  In under 10 words, what does a **Protestant** believe? |
| 4 | \_\_ | From the time of the Roman Empire (ending in about 500 AD) and **beyond** the 1600s, people in Western Europe who did not follow the religion that their king followed could be persecuted or even killed. Through **about 1650**, kings of one faith also went to war to force other nations to follow their religion.  a. True  b. False  In under 10 words, what does the word **empire** mean? |
| 5 | \_\_ | It was common sense to **most people** and **governments** before about 1800 that slavery was right—or at least legal and to be enforced by government.  a. True  b. False  In under 10 words, what does the word **government** mean? |
| 6 | \_\_ | Western European countries **from the 1400s** on collected knowledge about navigation, explored, traded with, and—where they could—conquered native peoples. The **first** nation-state (notice the word) to do this was:   1. England 2. France 3. Portugal 4. Spain   In under 10 words, what does the word **state** mean? |
| 7 | \_\_ | Western European countries **from the 1400s** on collected knowledge about navigation, explored, traded with, and—where they could—conquered the native peoples and made them:  a. Colonies  b. Mandates  c. Protectorates |
| 8 | \_\_ | Western European countries from the Middle Ages **through** the **1800s** (and beyond in some places and ways) considered it **correct** that a person had the status and rights of his **father.** The nobility had land and rights gained over the years; **merchants** and owners of **property** had rights; **landless** people did **not**.  a. True  b. False |