# Unit 3: Transformations–America from 1945 to the Present (Lessons 1-3) Study GuideUse *with* the Snapshots (If you have questions, post in the Unit 3 Q & A.)

****The Major Quiz on Unit 3 Study Guide** consists primarily of multiple choice questions in sets with different possible** questions. The total value is 75 points. There are 25 questions **in sets** each at 3 points:

* 8 of the 25 questions come from Learning Quizzes (and concepts in Learning Quizzes help you understand content)
* 17 of them come from below.

The **5 *W*s rule is a good guide to understanding** the items below: you should know ***W*ho**, ***W*hat**, ***W*hen**, ***W*here**, and ***W*hy**—and sometimes **How**. The Instructor’s Lessons provide visuals, frequently in tables, to help you compare facts to see similarities and differences. Use the Learning Quizzes listed **before** you use the Lesson.

Abbreviations used in this Study Guide:

* Nations: US (United States), USSR (Soviet Union-now split), Fr (France), Br (Great Britain)
* Regions where US/USSR **proxy** wars occurred: LA (Latin America), FE (Far East), ME (Middle East)
* Political parties: Dem (Democrat), Rep (Republican), Dix (Dixiecrat) and Am Ind (American Independent)—both segregationist

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| 1. **Post war realities:** US occupation of Japan; Germany partitioned by Fr, Br, US (later West Germany), USSR (later East Germany)**Europe and its colonies:** devastated; some colonies nationalistic

**Communist:** USSR, China; partition of Korea**Atomic bomb:** Japan bombed; US only had the technology1. **Presidency:** F.D. Roosevelt dead; Harry S Truman (Missouri machine/boss politics, vice-president but not informed)
2. **ME:** war; Israel declares itself a nation; US recognizes Note: Six Day War (1967), Yom Kippur War (1973)
3. **Europe:** Marshall Plan
4. **US Gov. changes:** CIA (Central Intelligence Agency), NSC (National Security Council), Department of Defense (no longer called War Department)
5. **Beginning of 2nd Red Scare:** Rise of Republicans Richard **Nixon** (House UAC) and Senator Joe **McCarthy**. **Targets:** Alger Hiss/Whittaker Chambers, Hollywood. **Techniques:** analogy of Salem Witchcraft trial (Arthur Miller’s play *The Crucib*le)
6. **1947+ labor:** Taft-Hartley Act, “right to work” states & industries move to low-wage states
7. **1947+ race:** Cold War issue by Communists; Jackie Robinson/ Dodgers; executive order to desegregate the US military
8. **1948 Election**: Thomas E. Dewey (Rep) vs. Harry S **Truman** (Dem) vs. J. Strom Thurmond (Dix) **His Program:** Fair Deal
9. **Late 1940s-1950s Domestic:** consumerism (pent-up demand), GI Bill/housing/education, draft, white suburbs, large families, women expected to leave jobs; television–ABC, NBC, CBS (radio)
10. **1952 Election**: Dwight D. **Eisenhower** (Rep) vs. Adlai Stevenson (Dem) – Eisenhower’s VP is Richard **Nixon** (corruption scandals)
11. **1956 Election (a repeat)**: Dwight D. **Eisenhower** (Rep) vs. Adlai Stevenson (Dem) – Eisenhower’s VP is still Richard **Nixon** (unpolished; some foreign policy experience for Eisenhower.)
12. **1950s Domestic: spending** above + on military, on airports& on Federal Highway Act of 1956 (interstate highways-as **defense** issue) Note: car culture/Holiday Inn/McDonalds. **Joe McCarthy** stopped by many people standing up to stop him.
13. **1950s race:** Montgomery, Alabama, boycott (Rosa Parks, Martin Luther King), *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka*; Little Rock HS (1957) Eisenhower sends in paratroopers to stop mob
14. **1950s Cohort:** Elvis Presley (and TV)
15. **1950s Foreign Policy: Secretary of State** John Foster **Dulles** (brinkmanship/massive retaliation) and his brother Allen, head of the CIA). **Covert (secret from whom?) operations**. Examples of Covert Operations: Iran (1953 ) and how that blew up (1979), Guatemala (1954), and in Cuba at the Bay of Pigs (1961, January, **planning as** last actions of Eisenhower)
 | 1. **1950s Foreign Policy FE:** End of the Korean War at the same partition line. Funding of Fr war vs North Vietnam (**Viet Cong**)
2. **1960 Election**: Richard **Nixon** (Rep) vs. John F. **Kennedy** (Dem, Senator, wealthy family, polished) –1st televised debate. **His Program:** New Frontier
3. **1960s Foreign Policy in LA:** Cuban Bay of Pigs (1961, April, p. 1011- **implementing as first** **actions of Kennedy**. Admits “colossal mistake.” USSR/Cuba **missile crisis**, spy planes (1962, Fall, p. 1011-1012) – “quarantine.” Cuba missiles/Turkey missiles; wheat deal; “hotline”
4. **1960s Foreign Policy in FE:** Vietnam “advisors,” 16,000 by 1963; more discord, more troops; college as way to avoid draft
5. **1960s+ Foreign General:** Green Berets. “flexible response” for guerrilla war.
6. **1960s Foreign Policy in Europe:** USSR wall around East Berlin
7. **1960s Domestic:** Growing white anger (“silent majority”); Betty Friedan *The Feminine Mystique;* birth control by FDA; hippies
8. **1960s race** segregation by law and custom, but African Americans and whites beginning to challenge it: nonviolent sit-ins (Greensboro, NC); Freedom Riders on buses as interstate commerce (KKK, firebomb of bus, beatings) + media; Martin Luther King, Birmingham Jail, “nonviolent civil disobedience” vs. “Bull” Conner; Gov. George Wallace/ University of Alabama + media
9. **Presidency:** Kennedy **assassinated**; Lyndon B. Johnson (Texas politics, vice-president, experienced Senate Majority Leader, a New Dealer, unpolished)
10. **1964 Election:** Barry Goldwater (Rep, opposed to Civil Rights Act, atomic bomb advocate), vs. **L.B. Johnson** (Dem) Note: Johnson realized with the Civil Rights Act that the Democrats would not win re-elections.
11. **1964 pre/post His Program:** Great Society – a few examples: - Civil Rights Act of 1964 (public accommodations, not schools); - Medicare (for over 65), Medicaid (for poor); War on Poverty; - 1965 Immigration law (undoes 1924 law on quotas)
12. **1963+ Foreign Policy in FE:** 1st US bombing of Vietnam; 2nd Gulf of Tonkin Resolution. Tet offensive to Saigon; then withdraws (1968)
13. **1968 Pre-election:** Assassination of M.L. King, race riots; assassination of Robert Kennedy
14. **1968 Election**: Richard M. **Nixon** (Rep, appeals to “silent majority”) vs. Hubert Humphrey (Dem, MN) vs. George Wallace (Am. Ind.)
15. **1968+ Domestic:**  Inflation - Nixon does wage and price controls - **Title IX** = no discrimination in ed. funding based on sex (1972).- Supreme Court decides *Roe v. Wade* (1973*).-* Nixon tries to slow down busing/desegregation. - Public opinion move from the New Deal to conservatism.

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| **Begins on the prior page**1. **1968+ Foreign: -**Nixon announces “Vietnamization” a way to get the US out of the Vietnam War.- US bombs Cambodia (1969). US says we **will** bomb it (1970). - Daniel Ellsberg, a Pentagon employee, leaks the Pentagon Papers (history of US involvement in Vietnam to 1965) (1971).

**-**-Nixon upset; set up “plumbers” to find the “leak.” - Nixon goes to China (1972) – the only one who could.- Watergate begins. Those who stand up are 2 Washington Post reporters, a judge hearing about the burglary of the Democratic headquarters, the special prosecutor, the members of the committee of Congress investigating the evidence, the people. - The key to proving this is that Nixon secretly recorded the White House offices on tapes. His own words convicted him.1. **1972 Election**: Richard M. **Nixon** (Rep) vs. George S. McGovern (Dem
2. **Presidency:** Nixon resigns after impeachment articles (1974), Gerald Ford (prior speaker of house, vice president after prior vice president Agnew resigns for corruption).
3. **1974-1976** President Ford pardons Nixon—this was perhaps the best for the country, but not for him to be elected in 1976. During President Ford’s administration, - Congress also passes the War Powers Act. - Saigon falls; Vietnam is in the hands of the Viet Cong (1975).
4. **1976 Election**: Gerald R. Ford (Rep) vs. **Jimmy Carter** (Dem, Georgia governor, very religious, honorable man
5. **1976-1980 – Domestic:** Inflation + slow economy + job losses (stagflation)
6. **1976-1980 – Foreign**: - Camp David Accords, Egypt and Israel negotiate - Israel gives the Sinai back to Egypt - Egypt recognizes Israel’s right to exist - IranRevolution, American hostages (1979). Failed rescue; not released until the next President’s inaugural.Note: USSR gets bogged down in its Vietnam—a revolution by Afghanistan and Muslims—for the next 9 years.
7. **1980 Election**: Ronald W. **Reagan** (Rep, actor, California politician)) vs. Jimmy Carter(Dem)
8. **1980-1988 – Domestic:** - starts “supply side economics” with prediction of reducing the national debt but the result is a huge climb in our debt (see the chart with the Concepts for Unit 3)

- individuals also spend more than they make (TV as watching the rich)- appoints first woman to Supreme Court, Sandra Day O’Conner  - era of rise of computers, Microsoft, Bill Gates- era of AIDS, something the administration did not act on1. **1980-1988 – Foreign: -** plan to beat the USSR – “Star Wars” (Strategic Defense Initiative) and spending themselves (and ourselves) to death- Iran-Contra. The NSC sold arms to Iran to get money to give to government death squads in Nicaragua called Contras. Contrary to Congressional law
 | 1. **1988 Election**: George **H. Bush** (Rep, Vice President for Reagan, father of the president in 2000-2008) vs. Michael Dukakis (Dem)
2. **1988-1992– Domestic:** major challenge was the national debt from the Reagan years and need for new taxes when Bush had promised not to.- Deregulation of the savings and loan industry in Reagan’s term also resulted in a collapse of those accounts in H. Bush’s term
3. **1988-1992– Foreign: -** USSR disintegrating, Berlin Wall pulled down by citizens (the first sign of the end), USSR exits Afghanistan (1989) – It is an end to a Cold War since 1945 but the lack of stability in their regions could be dangerous to all.- Iraq invades Kuwait for the oil (1990). Bush Sr. does not want to get caught in a ground war in that region. They do it with multinational force (Desert Storm) and do not want to “put boots on the ground.”
4. **1992 Election**: George **H. Bush** (Rep) vs. **William Clinton** (Dem, governor of Arkansas, seems himself as a *New Democrat* with some conservative/pro-business traits) vs. Ross Perot (Independent, tech person, rich, upset about free trade agreements which he called “a giant sucking sound” of jobs going away).
5. **1992-2000– Domestic:**

**-** NAFTA – North American Free Trade Agreement – Canada, US, Mexico- bipartisan reduction in the national debt to $25B, the lowest since 1968, after the Reagan administration had gotten the debt up to $297B- Lack of success with the high costs of medical care in the US1. **2000 Election**: **George W. Bush** (Rep, governor of Texas, son of **H. Bush**)vs. Albert Gore (Dem, vice president for President Clinton) vs. Ralph Nader (Green, a consumer advocate)
2. **2000 Election dispute:** popular vote to Gore, electoral college vote to **W. Bush** because of “hanging chads” in Florida.
3. **2000-2008–Foreign:** 9/11/2001 World Trade Centers (Twin Towers); war in Iraq and Afghanistan, budget deficits of the “war on terror”
4. **2000-2008– Domestic:** - Rising number of immigrants and the Republican party becoming a minority-Lowered interest rates by Federal Reserve **-** Lowered taxes- Lowered standards for lending (“subprime” lending)**-** Housing bubble burst with losses of trillions of dollars(2007) - Collapse results in a bank bailout fund called the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP)- W. Bush signed October 2008- Clinton low debt of $25B gone; 9 million unemployed; Great Recession- Disaster with Katrina and FEMA
5. **2008 Election**: John McCain (Rep, Senator from Arizona, POW, old) vs. **Barack Obama** (Dem, Senator, new). Obama inherits: a) war in Iraq and in Afghanistan b) The Great Recession (and how to keep it from continuing) and c) banking in trouble in “the world’s economic stumble in eighty years”
6. **2008-2016– Domestic:** an attempt to prevent another financial collapse with the Dodd-Frank bill
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