

Changes from 1865 to 1877– Notice 1) the **dates** in each column, 2) the **Traits** in each row, including the top row. You must read these pages, not rely on the words in the table. **Note:** *Not covered means the textbook pages do not cover this Trait.*

Trait	1865-1867	1867-1872	1872-1877
Word segregation in a heading & how used?	Not in a heading.	Not in a heading.	Not in a heading.
Amendments; laws, national; Supreme Court cases	12/1865 13 th ratified – no slavery in U.S. 04/1866 Civil Rights Act & Freedmen's Bureau	07/1868 14 th ratified – citizenship & voting issues 02/1870 15 th ratified – black male voting	1874-1875 Civil Rights Act – Not discriminate in public accommodations Can sue in Federal courts
Violence by Southern whites against blacks, including black soldiers?	1866 Riots–Memphis, New Orleans; KKK starts.	1870 – <i>KKK back + other Attacks on voters & office holders</i>	1873 – <i>More Democrats elected</i> 1874 <i>New Orleans battle</i>
National elections & election violence; Union (national) military in the South, including black soldiers	“Negro troops” 03/1867 Military Reconstruction starts for 10 states	1872 “one of the last honest elections the region [the South] would see for many years”	1874 – <i>violence in Alabama</i> 1875 – <i>troops to stop violence in Louisiana</i>
Northern response to the South's actions?	“fury” & see laws & troops above	1871 – <i>KKK Acts & federal marshals stop the KKK</i>	1872 – <i>Less interest in the North</i>
Northern limitations on change (What changes in the South will the Northern public not accept?)	No [i]ntegrated public schools”/“confiscation of plantation lands”	<i>Northern states kept their own limitations on voting by blacks</i>	1872 – <i>Liberal Republicans (a third party) wanted the South to control blacks</i>
Southern state laws, constitution	Conventions by states; conventions by blacks	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
Blacks in the South:	Note search [#]	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Married legally?	Yes	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Kept their children?	Note search [#]	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Worshipped in own churches?	Yes ^{&}	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Attended schools?	Yes	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Attended colleges?	Yes	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Used public facilities like railroad cars	Not covered	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Served in the army	Yes	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Access to courts (sue? testify? On jury?	Yes, sue, but not testify then*	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Held office?	Yes – ½ free pre-war; majority only in SC, LA	1868 – <i>Georgia – 32 blacks out of 216</i>	1875 – <i>Senator in Mississippi</i>
- Voted?	Yes	Yes	Yes – <i>but must fight to</i>
- Had savings?	Not covered	<i>Not covered</i>	Yes – <i>but lost money</i>
- Earning a living by?	Share of crop	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Rented or owned land?	Illegal then*	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Could own property	Yes	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>
- Moved to what places?	Did search [#] for kin	<i>Not covered</i>	<i>Not covered</i>

* The North blocks the Southern state legislatures' “black codes.”

*Slaves had been sold away from each other. When they are free, they go to look for their kin.

& Slaves had been forced to worship **with** whites. (Reminder: Nat Turner.) When they are free, they want to worship on their own.